

STEPHENSON WAS PAYING FOR ALL

A "TRIP THROUGH THE GHETTO"
WAS INCLUDED.

'TOUCHES' ALSO THROWN IN

"Plenies," "Hammer" and "Numer-
ous and Various Touches" Cost
Senator "Like Sixty."

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 7.—It was such phrases as "touches," "hammer" and "plenies" that were brought out as a part of the campaign expenses of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson in the investigation of charges that he had secured his election through bribery and corruption before the senatorial committee today. The details were given by Rodney Sackett, one of the Stephenson's campaign managers, in response to an announcement by Senator W. Hayburn, the chairman, that the total expenses of \$107,750 would have to be explained to overcome the presumption that it had not been lawfully used.

Some of the general items given to Sackett to further explain were:

General expenses for organizing state, \$46,052; Milwaukee County \$11,600; office expenses \$4,074; telephone \$256; postage \$11,000; telegrams \$3,662; nomination papers \$49; one man to attend colored picnic \$50; campaign bulletins \$702; trip through ghetto, three men, \$25; one man to another picnic \$10; touches to two old soldiers \$2; numerous and various other touches \$17; a hammer \$3.

Of the total expenses, Sackett handled \$98,083. Asked to explain what was meant by the "touches," he said "trip through the ghetto" the witness said he didn't know, as that probably was ordered paid through his office on authority of other campaign managers.

"As the custodian of the Senator Stephenson fund, and knowing that you were required by the law of Wisconsin to render an itemized account of every item over \$5, it would seem that you had not paid much attention to the subject," said Senator Hayburn.

The newspaper advertising in the campaign, Sackett said, amounted to \$12,636, and in one instance Senator Stephenson paid \$1,500 for a list of farmers' names, paying for them at the rate of one cent a name, and an extra one-half cent for each subsequent use of the names.

The money for plenies, he said, was to cover the expenses of men said to arouse interest in Senator Stephenson's behalf.

At the afternoon session, the committee adjourned until Monday on account of the death of United States Circuit Judge J. S. Quarles, former United States senator. So far the witnesses have been regarded as favorable to Senator Stephenson. The next witnesses who are to go on the stand were opposed to him, including State Judge John B. Blain, who brought the original charges against the Wisconsin senator.

GOVERNMENT ASKED TO HELP IN SEARCH

BERLIN II BELIEVED TO HAVE
LANDED IN ONE OF THE
GREAT LAKES.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 7.—The balloon, Berlin II, carrying the flag of Germany, has won the Inter-National balloon race for the James Gordon Bennett cup. The Berlin II landed in the wilderness near Holcomb, Wis., at 7 o'clock Saturday morning, thereby traveling about 75 miles further than its nearest competitor in the race.

The Berlin II landed about 440 miles from the starting point. Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 7.—An appeal was made by the Kansas City Aero Club tonight to the government to notify life saving stations in the Great Lakes regions to make a search for the German balloon, Berlin II, a contestant in the James Gordon Bennett cup race, which started from here Thursday.

It is thought the bag has been caught in the violent storm which swept above the lake region during the last two days, and has been carried down into one of the large bodies of water. All of the other balloons that left here have landed. All of them encountered the storm and several had narrow escapes from injury. Not a word had been heard from the Berlin II since it left the aviation field. The craft sailed due north along the general path followed by the other balloons. Provisions enough to last three days were carried by the occupants of the basket, Hans Gerike, pilot and J. O. Duncker, and Gerike is an expert balloonist but Duncker is an amateur.

The Canadian government may be asked to assist in searching for the missing men. It was thought yesterday that the balloon might have landed in a remote section of Minnesota or Wisconsin, but this theory was practically abandoned tonight when no communication came from the aeronauts.

The Berlin II is in the lake regions is that the Condor, the French balloon which landed last night near Alton, Ill., reported today that they had been carried out over Lake Michigan and then driven back to land. Neither of the balloons can speak more than a few words of English, which may add to their difficulties should they land in a remote district.

STRIKE TROUBLE IS SHIFTING NORTHWARD

EAST ST. LOUIS SPECIAL MEN
STONED—MCCOMB CITY HAS
QUITTED DOWN

East St. Louis, Ill., Oct. 7.—Seven special officers for the Illinois Central railroad were rescued from double their number of strikers at Valley Tower, four miles south of the city limits, this afternoon by reinforcements sent on a special train from this city. The officers were patrolling the yards at Valley Tower when the strikers saw them and began throwing stones. Rather than open fire, the officers retreated to a frame building and blocked the doors.

While the bombardment was at its height, some one telephoned to W. H. Whitende, trainmaster here, and made of ten minutes a switch engine leaving a coach filled with special officers and volunteers was speeding to the scene.

The strikers fled into the woods upon the approach of the rescuing party.

McComb City, Mo., Oct. 7.—About 150 strikers in squads of sixteen each, and escorted by the deputy marshals, visited the lockers from 10 to 1 p. m. today. They gathered their belongings and left the shops without attempting to speak or look at the strike-breakers at work. This afternoon the military guard was increased by the arrival of a company of forty men from Columbus, Miss. These men take the places of the troops who were dispatched yesterday to Water Valley.

A mass meeting of citizens here tonight voted to send a committee to wait on Governor Noel of Mississippi, urging him to seek a conference of the governors of the fourteen states traversed by the Illinois Central Railroad on bringing about a conference between the railroad officials and the federal strikers.

By a unanimous vote the meeting refused to sign a petition presented by strikers here, urging Governor Noel to recall the troops. The speakers deplored the situation as so acute to dispose of the protection of the citizens.

McComb City is quiet tonight and there is no indication of disorder.

Preparing for Trouble.
Chicago, Oct. 7.—Fearing possible disturbances from the strikers at the Burnside shop Wednesday, when the men will be paid their September wages, the Illinois Central officials have been erecting at strategic positions along the fence and policemen will be stationed in them. Telephone wires were strung from these points to the commanding police officers' car so that reserve squads can be rushed to any point at a minutes notice.

Quieting at New Orleans.
New Orleans, Oct. 7.—There was a marked contrast today to that of the past few days in the strike situation of the Harriman line employees in New Orleans, so far as any violence was concerned.

No disorder of any kind occurred here, but over in Algiers where 250 of the Southern Pacific's men are out, the police were called upon to quell a small riot which resulted in one man being sent to the hospital after receiving a severe beating by strikers and sympathizers.

GARDNER'S BOND REDUCED.

By Mutual Consent of Attorneys it is Made \$500.

By mutual agreement of counsel for both sides, the appeal bond of Next Gardner, recently convicted in the police court of violation of the city liquor ordinance, was reduced from \$1,000 to \$500 yesterday afternoon. The agreement came at the end of an afternoon of arguments, presented before Superior Judge Brockbridge in the habeas corpus hearing of Gardner, whose attorney filed a petition in the Superior Court a few days ago asking for Gardner's release for nite city municipal court charge, on the grounds that the appeal bond of \$1,000 fixed by Judge Houston, was excessive.

Judge Brockbridge decided yesterday that the ten days in which he was allowed to render a decision would elapse before he could thoroughly examine all the authorities in the case, hence the agreement between the opposing attorneys to reduce the bond by half. The precedent for setting appeal bond amounts by the police judge, which it was hoped would be decided by Gardner's habeas corpus writ, will therefore have to be established in some subsequent similar case.

Silver Service for Cardinal.
Baltimore, Md., Oct. 7.—A handsome silver service bought for Cardinal Gibbons has been presented to him by a committee of this city as a tribute of their esteem.

LET THE PARELLEL STAND

Regarding the city printing matter, the World sees no objection to letting the parallel drawn by the Democrat stand. In its presentation of the case in the first issue, the World stated distinctly that the property descriptions in the paving resolutions could be printed in two lines instead of six or seven lines, as practiced by the Democrat under its instructions from the auditor, who is a brother of one of the heaviest stockholders in the Democrat. And it presented the manner in which this could be done. The Democrat asserts that the World when it had the public printing contract, established the queer custom now being persisted by the auditor Democrat combination, and it offered an example. Assuming that the purported reprint from the World is correct, we say let it stand. And we present it herewith, along with the Clinton-Democrat arrangement.

As printed in Democrat		As printed in World	
Marion	140	185.64	100.00
May	140	185.64	100.00
Missal	140	185.64	100.00
C. D. Coggie	140	185.64	100.00
Small	140	185.64	100.00

Time it will be readily seen that the World's method of setting this matter cost just one-third as much as the Democrat's method. There are three property descriptions, as published by the World, in the same space occupied by one in the Democrat. This was our contention in the first instance. It is thus admitted by the Clinton-Democrat combination.

The writer knows nothing at all regarding the Democrat's reference to a controversy on the part with the Mitchell administration with respect to the size of type used. But it does know that the bills rendered the county commission by the Democrat have to be cut to the bone in every instance, that bills calling for upwards of a hundred dollars have been cut to the extent of two-thirds of face value. We suspect that record is rather prominent in the county commission's office.

Just one other point occurs to the World. Auditor Clinton, when given an opportunity to state his case to the World, said: "I and the city attorney and other officials have been working for a long while to get up a publication form that would suit us. This form has at last been adopted as the most convenient to all concerned."

If the World seems also established this queer form which winks the property owners, why did the auditor say that he and his assistants had been working a long time to get up this form? Can you imagine more than one answer to that question?

The World cannot be sure whether Mayor Martin or Commissioner Veager may have told the Democrat. It can be and is positively certain that both gentlemen told the editor of the World, and that was exactly what the World published. Mayor Martin will not deny to the editor of the World that he said, "It is a plain case." The editor of the World does not believe he ever denied making that statement. If he did, then he must be prepared to deny in the presence of the editor of the World, if he must be prepared to bear the editor of the World tell him directly and plainly that he lies.

TRAIN ROBBER IS SLAIN BY POSSE

MAN WHO HELD UP KATY AT
OKESA DIES SHOOTING.

KNOWN AS ELMER M'CURDY

Took Refuge in Barn in Osage Wilds
Friday Night—Booze and Watch
Are Found.

Special to the World.
Pawhuska, Okla., Oct. 7.—The body of Elmer A. McCurdy, alias Frank Curtis, positively identified as the man who held up and robbed the Katy passenger train at Okesa last Wednesday morning, and who also held up the Missouri Pacific train at Coffeyville, March 21, 1911, was brought to this city tonight.

McCurdy, after having been chased unrelentingly by a courageous posse, composed of Deputies S. W. Fenton, Dick Wallace and Bob Fenton, took refuge in a hay loft on a farm twenty-eight miles northwest of here at 11:30 o'clock last night. At 7:30 o'clock this morning he began firing on the posse, which surrounded the barn and the shots were returned. In the full-sade of bullets that were sent into the hay loft, McCurdy was killed. When he quit firing, the posse entered the barn and found the dead body of the train robber.

The capture occurred in one of the wildest portions of the Osage Nation, and many miles from a railroad. The section was an ideal hiding place for criminals. The posse of three officers were all day in bringing the body to Pawhuska. They will receive rewards aggregating more than \$2,000 from the Katy and Missouri Pacific Railroads, rewards having been offered by the roads for the capture of McCurdy, following the two train robberies he pulled off.

McCurdy's pal, who assisted him in holding up the Katy train at Okesa, near Bartlesville last week, has not been caught, and is supposed to have made his get-away.

S. W. Fenton, one of the men who captured McCurdy, is a former state enforcement officer, and the man who broke up the famous Henry Starr gang and who arrested Henry Starr three years ago in Montana. Starr is now serving a sentence in the Colorado state prison for train robbery.

On the body of McCurdy was found some of the whiskey that had been taken from the express car of the robbed train at Okesa, and a watch that he had taken from the mail clerk of the train.

ROOMS WANTED.
The committee in charge of the accommodations for the thousands of visitors who will be in Tulsa during the week of the Industrial Durbur and Fair, announce that the rooming houses and hotels of the city will not begin to furnish adequate quarters for the visitors. It is urgently desired that anyone having private which they would rent during the week, telephone number 511 and give the information desired that it may be published, without cost, in the information booklet which will be distributed to the strangers in the city. This data must be gathered within the next two days.

Boxes at All Stations.
Washington, Oct. 7.—For the convenience of the traveling public, postmasters in all cities where free delivery is operated have been directed to place street letter boxes at all railroad stations.

CRUCE JUSTIFIES ACTION OF BOARD

MAXIMUM LEVY WOULD NOT
HAVE PAID ALL UP.

HE QUOTES THE FIGURES

Total indebtedness is \$1,302,574—
Legislature Has Appropriated
Nearly Half of It.

Special to the World.

Oklahoma City, Oct. 7.—Governor Lee Cruce tonight issued a statement in justification of the action of the State Board of Equalization in failing to make a levy to take care of the outstanding indebtedness of the state, and showing that it would have been impossible to care for all of this indebtedness, even with the maximum levy.

The governor quotes from figures prepared by the state examiner and inspector to show that the total amount appropriated by the legislature for the expenses of the state government, since statehood, has been \$2,633,241.64, and that the total indebtedness at the end of the fiscal year on June 30, 1911, was \$1,302,574.50. Set against that are assets, including delinquent taxes, amounting to \$1,694,272.94 so that the total deficit, if all delinquent taxes were paid, would amount to \$2,633,241.64. He then continues:

"The law provides that in making the levy for taxes, you shall add to the total amount of revenue desired to be raised, 20 per cent thereof, to meet probable deficiencies. Applying this rule under any basis of estimate, it would have been impossible for the board the present year to have levied a tax sufficiently high in addition to the current expenses, to raise a fund sufficient to pay outstanding indebtedness."

The board took the position, that in view of the short crops that prevail at Oklahoma, a total of a two-mill levy upon the present values of property in the state was as much as ought to be levied at this time.

It was also ascertained by circulation that it would require all of the levy to take care of the expense of the state government for the current year, after setting aside one-fourth of the one mill for common school purposes.

"The appropriation made by the last legislature for the current expenses for the year ending June 30, 1912, reach a total amount of \$2,537,844 not being able to levy a greater amount than was necessary to meet the expenses for the current year without appropriating the people the board voted unanimously to fix the levy upon that basis, believing that it was best to provide for the payment of current expenses so as to keep the state warrants that are being issued, at par, and leave the question of the deficiency to be adjusted by future levies, if the people or the legislature did not choose some other method of disposing of it."

The governor does not count very heavily upon the special tax to help out the state's income, and shows that for the year ending June 30, the receipts from the inheritance tax were \$3,212.68; from the income tax \$595.85; and from graduated land tax \$222.85.

The next state convention was called to meet in Oklahoma City on February 22. Suggestions that Oklahoma should wait until some of the other states had acted were voted down.

PROPERTY LOSS OF OVER MILLION FELT

FIFTEEN FAMILIES RENDERED
HOMELESS IN THE WISCON-
SIN FLOODS.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 7.—Fifteen families are homeless, property loss of \$1,200,000 has been wrought, and the city of Black River Falls is laboring under the handicap of the loss of its business district, as the result of the flood. This, in brief summary, is the situation in Black River Falls, dislocated at the end of an exhaustive canvass of the city tonight.

Leading citizens declare that they are now able to cope with the situation. A serious problem was the lack of stores and loss of stock and provisions. Only one grocery store remains in the city. The defective construction of the municipal power plant at Black River Falls is held by the engineers to be partly responsible for the disaster. Further danger at Black River Falls and vicinity is ever tonight and the waters are receding there.

The Black River and Mississippi River are both rising at La Crosse rapidly. The Black River flood reached the low country north of this city tonight and inundated farms on both banks. The village of Midway, threatened with destruction, according to earlier reports is now known to be safe.

Purdue Profits By Will.
LaFayette, Ind., Oct. 7.—Purdue University profits \$50,000 in cash and 1,500 acres of land in Polk and Lake Counties, Minnesota, by the will of William C. Smith, a banker of Williamsport, Ind., probated today. The bequest is to be used in extending the agricultural department of the university.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.
Thermometer: Maximum 55; minimum 34; north winds; cloudy.

THE WEATHER.
Washington, Oct. 7.—Oklahoma fair Sunday and Monday, with slowly rising temperatures.

PEOPLE LIKELY TO SUCCEED IN END

PRESIDENT TAFT A BELIEVER
IN DETERMINATION.

ROYALISTS, DEFEATED, WITHDRAW TO SPAIN

TRAINS FROM SPAIN LOADED
WITH TROOPS TO SCRAP
MONARCHISTS.

Special to the World.

Lisbon, Oct. 7.—A dispatch received from Braganza at 3:29 o'clock this afternoon says that the Royalists have been defeated and have withdrawn into Spain.

The government today informed the Associated Press that necessary measures had been taken to insure order in every part of the country, and that so far as the invaders organized abroad were concerned, their defeat, capture or despatch would be the work of only a few days.

Royalists are Numerous.

Lisbon, Oct. 7.—Passengers on the trains from Portugal report an engagement between Royalists and Republican troops near S. S. Thyra, not far from Oporto. The Royalists, while numerous, they say, are badly armed.

All trains from Oporto this morning were crowded with troops on their way to fight the Monarchists. The Portuguese government, however, is not sure of the loyalty of the regiments.

Republican Troops Cut Off.

Chaves, Portugal, Oct. 7.—Republican troops have left for Vinhais, fourteen miles west of Braganza, to relieve other Republican troops who are said to be cut off by the Monarchists. The roads to the frontier are now opened and telegraphic communication has been restored.

Don Miguel Won't Fight.

Vienna, Oct. 7.—Don Miguel Braganza, pretender to the Portuguese throne, announces that he has agreed to accept the program laid out by Captain Condeira, leader of the Royalists. Don Miguel says the Cortes will have to decide between him and Manuel. He will not proceed to the Portuguese frontier, but will remain neutral to the last moment, although he has allowed his sons to enter the Monarchists' ranks under assumed names as volunteers.

"The Republic of Portugal," said Don Miguel, "has, through its disregard for all traditions and religious convictions, made itself so hated, especially among the country people, that the prospects for the restoration of the monarchy are not unfavorable."

LITTLE EASTERN WAR.

The Turks and Italians Quiet After First Flurry.

Lucknow, British India, Oct. 7.—The council of Moslems of all India has appealed for the intervention of the British government on behalf of Turkey. It has advised also a boycott of Italian goods.

Are Removing Mines.

Rome, via Frontier, Oct. 7.—Today's advice from Tripoli state that the Italian governor, Rear-Admiral Borea D'Olmo has issued a permanent decree to keep Tripoli in a besieged state.

According to further advices from Tripoli the smaller Italian warships are engaged in removing mines laid by Turks in Tripoli harbor.

BABLO IS BLIND.

But That Didn't Keep Him Out of Trouble on Train.

Bablo Burns is blind. But his loss of eyesight doesn't keep him from fighting. Bablo, and his brother John, who can see very well and is a big husky fellow, got mixed up in a drunken fight on a Frisco passenger train which arrived here from the East late last night. Bablo chewed several chunks of flesh from John's face, and otherwise maimed and bruised his brother's physiognomy. John didn't hurt Bablo at all. Special Agent Herring, of the Frisco, was on the train and placed the brothers under arrest.

At police headquarters here, the two brothers shed copious tears and embraced each other in real brotherly fashion. On John's promise to take Bablo to a hotel and put him to bed, and to see that he was in police court Monday afternoon, the pair were released. Bablo is a musician and told the police he was a Mason.

Spokane, Wash., Oct. 7.—Spokane was the terminus tonight of one of the most picturesque and interesting days in honor of President Taft's trip west. The day was spent in Northern Idaho and Eastern Washington, the principal stopping places being Walla Walla, Wash., and Moscow, Idaho.

For many hours the Presidential train wound its way through the famous Snake River Canyon, and from his car window the President saw some of the most unique forms in the entire United States. From the water's edge, these farms rose in rolling billows and hillocks on either side of the canyon, at some places they seemed almost perpendicular, but everywhere was wheat stubble, indicating that the last crop of the year had been safely harvested. All of the farms were in the dry farming district, where the crops are raised without the aid of irrigation.

Governor Hay of Washington met the President at Walla Walla and accompanied him to this city tonight. The governor, in his introductory speech of the day, declared himself in favor of Mr. Taft's re-nomination.

A second interesting development was the speech of the President at Lewiston, a reiteration of his speech at Waterloo. "We have put the railroads under control," he said, "and they acquiesce in it. For a time they were defiant. Now, under the steady action of congress in increasing the power of the Interstate Commerce Commission, they have realized that the whole people are greater than any part of the people—that the whole people, if they move in one direction, are determined to control and bring about a just condition, are likely to win in the end, however often they may be deferred in winning their points."

The President then spoke of the Standard Oil and the Tobacco Trust decisions of the Supreme Court, referring to the Standard Oil as the "golden rule trusts," one which had been established by more acts of criminality than any other, the one which did more business abroad, and was in that respect the most useful. He referred to the American Tobacco Company as a "trust devised by able, ingenious dealers for the purpose of evading the anti-trust laws. There are other trusts in the way of possible prosecution, and my hope is that they will all recognize that the Standard Oil and the Tobacco decisions were epoch-making decisions; that they are bound to change the course and tendency of business."

"We live by competition for centuries, and it was not until the last thirty years that there developed this idea that we could not get along without the trusts."

The President referred to the need of reform in the currency system of the country, and spoke of the prospects of the farmers in the hope of extending the usefulness of the post office department through a parcels post system.

Arriving here, the President was escorted to the armory by automobiles, and there met an audience of several thousand people. Tonight he left for Tacoma, and after will make a trip up in the mountains.

IMPlicate AN EDITOR.

The "Agitator" Man Gets Linked With Blowing of the "Times."

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 7.—Closely following the charge by representatives of William J. Burns, that members of the Home Colony, an alleged anarchist settlement on Lake Day, had been implicated in the explosion that wrecked the Los Angeles Times, came an announcement by Deputy Prosecutor G. C. Nolte, of Tacoma, today that he had evidence to convict Jay Fox, of the settlement, with the case. Fox is the editor of a small paper printed at the Home Colony called the "Agitator." He is now under \$2,000 bond on a charge of sedition. According to Nolte, the dynamite which blew up the "Times" building was bought in Tacoma. It was taken to San Francisco, Nolte charges, directly from Tacoma by Jay Fox and J. R. Greer, under which name James McNamee, indicted and arrested on the charge of conspiracy in the dynamite cases, is alleged to have been known. Fox is now in the colony.

OWING to an accident in the Sterotyping Department last night we are unable to print the comic pages. They will appear next Sunday.